

What is a spherical variety?

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Our favorite objects

- $k = \bar{k}$ a field
- G a connected reductive algebraic group
- B a Borel subgroup of G
- X an algebraic variety equipped with an action of G

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A spherical variety is...

... a G -variety X satisfying one of the following equivalent conditions

- Every birational G -equivariant model of X has finitely many G -orbits.
- B has finitely many orbits in X .
- B has an open orbit in X .
- For any G -line bundle \mathcal{L} on X , $H^0(X, \mathcal{L})$ is a multiplicity-free G -module. (if X is quasi-projective)

Obvious example: flag varieties

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Obvious examples of spherical varieties X

- Flag varieties
- Orbit closures in a finite dimensional G -module V of any sum of highest weight vectors of V
- $X = G$ as a $(G \times G)$ -variety: $X \simeq G \times G / \text{diag}G$
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The group G is our model

To any given complex spherical G -variety X , we can attach

• a weight lattice $\Lambda(X)$

• a co-weight lattice $\Lambda(X)^\vee = \text{Hom}(\Lambda(X), \mathbb{Z})$

• a finitely generated convex cone $V(X) \subset \Lambda(X)^\vee$

• a finite group W_X , the Littlewood group of X

Theorem (Brion/Knop)

• The cone $V(X)$ is a fundamental domain for W_X .

• The extremal rays of the dual cone of $V(X)$ generate a root system: the root system of X .

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(Luna/Bravi & Pezzini/C.-F.)

- positive characteristic
- real spherical varieties

😊 \exists a connective reductive group G_X^\vee , *the dual group of X* (if $X \subseteq G$ then G_X^\vee is the usual Langlands group G_X^\vee of G)

- 😊 \exists a Satake isomorphism (Gaitsgory & Nadler)
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